

A. Answer the following:

1. The three Persons of the Trinity (Father, Son, Holy Spirit) are co-eternal. What does that mean? _____

2. Given to us, the Holy Spirit does three things for us. They are:

a. _____

b. _____

c. _____

3. The Holy Spirit is given various names in Scripture. By referring to these passages, find as many names as you can:

a. John 14:17 _____ d. Isaiah 12:2 _____

b. John 15:26 _____ e. Other? _____

c. Luke 12:12; I Corinthians 2:13 _____

4. The Bible lists many activities of the Holy Spirit in the church. Place the proper reference behind each activity after you have read them. Romans 8:16; I Peter 1:22; Acts 1:8; Acts 13:2; Acts 16:6.

a. Calls and sends our ministers — _____

b. Chooses the mission field to be preached in — _____

c. Gives power to witness — _____

d. Testifies to the believer of sonship — _____

e. Sanctifies or cleanses the believer — _____

5. It is very important today that we understand what the true fruits of the Spirit are. Pentecostals would have us believe that those who are really Spirit-filled are able to speak in tongues and perform miracles of healing. Pentecostalism elevates the Holy Spirit above Christ. But Scripture tells us that the Spirit is the Spirit of Christ, and that He never does anything except in the service of Christ.

a. Read Galatians 5:22, 23 and list the fruit of the Spirit. _____

b. Read John 15:26 and John 16:13. Here it is plain that the Spirit does not speak of _____, but of _____.

Lord's Day 20 (cont.)

B. The Holy Spirit was given to Christ as part of His Mediator's reward when He ascended into heaven. This Spirit Christ poured out upon His body, the church. We may read of this in Acts 2:1-13 (see Acts 2:33).

1. Upon whom was the Holy Spirit poured? (See Acts 1:15.) _____

2. What were the signs that accompanied the outpouring of the Spirit?
 - a. _____
 - b. _____
 - c. _____
3. Was the miracle in the *speaking* of foreign languages, or in the *hearing* of them? _____

4. Read Acts 2:12, 13. What were the two reactions among those who heard this strange speaking? _____ and _____

 - a. In verse 23, Peter accuses the men of Israel of _____. But he also said that this came about by the _____. Does this fact excuse the Israelites in any way? _____
 - b. Read verses 37-47:
 - 1) What was this being "pricked in their hearts"? _____

 - 2) What was Peter's answer to their question? _____

 - 3) How many were added to the church that day? _____
 - 4) Who were added to the church? (See v. 47.) _____
_____ What does this imply? _____

5. Quote Acts 2:39. "_____

_____."
- a. Why is this verse included in our baptism form? _____

- b. This verse, taken in connection with the speaking in tongues, clearly teaches _____
_____.